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A Dual Channel Radiowave Propagation Data Acqusition and Transmission System

Jeffrey B. Knorr

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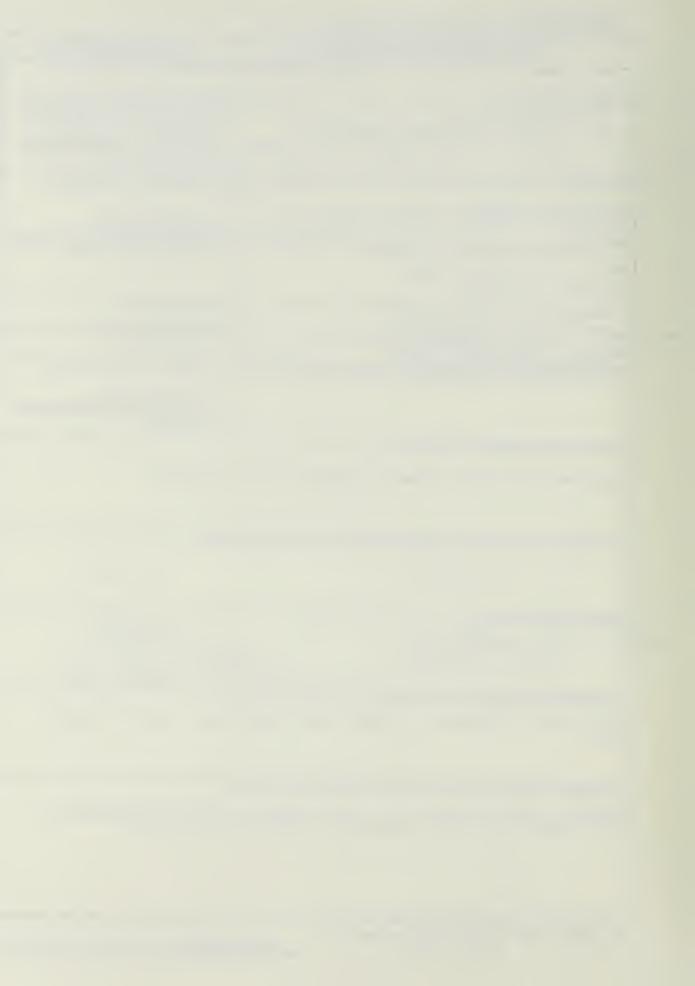
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Hardware and software for a dual channel radata acquisition and transmission system is	diowave propagation described.



#### Summary

This report describes a dual channel radiowave propagation data acquisition and transmission system developed for communication system performance monitoring at the Naval Undersea Weapons Engineering Station, Keyport, Washington. The Data System is collocated with a repeater in a two section UHF/VHF microwave telephone system and collects and stores statistical information on signal power for each of the two sections. These data may be transmitted upon command from the remote repeater site to another computer for processing. Data transmission is via the dial-up telephone network. Real-time remote display of signal levels is also possible.

#### Acknowledgements

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#### I. Introduction

#### A. Background

In an earlier report [1], the design of a (single channel) Radiowave Propagation Data Acquisition System was described. This system consisted of a sensor subsystem containing the RF hardware and a data acquisition and processing system containing the controller/processor and associated instruments.

The initial use of this system will be at NUWES, Keyport, WA to monitor the performance of a two section VHF/UHF telephone system employing a single mountain top repeater. The Propagation Data System will be co-located with the repeater and will thus have simultaneous access to the RF carriers transmitted from each of the two terminals in the telephone system. Thus, propagation data for each section of the telephone system may be obtained. This application, however, requires some capabilities which the Propagation Data System described in [1] does not have. Two channels are required to accommodate the two sections of the telephone system and because of the inaccessability of the site a data transmission capability is required.

#### B. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to describe the realization of a Dual Channel Radiowave Propagation Data Acquisition and Transmission System for use at NUWES, Keyport, Washington. The present system is an expansion of the system described earlier [1].

Section II of this report describes the telephone communication system and contains path loss calculations. Section III describes the hardware required to implement a dual channel system and to provide a data transmission capability. Section IV briefly discusses the software used with the Data System and the Appendices contain program listings.

#### II. System Calculations

The several torpedo ranges operated by NUWES are linked to the main base at Keyport by a FM/FDM VHF/UHF telephone system. The Nanoose Range is served by a 12 channel system with terminals at Bangor and Winchelsea Island linked through a repeater located on Lookout Mountain (el. 2667 ft.). Figure 1 shows the geographic layout of the communication system and the four transmission frequencies. System calculations which follow are based on minimum monthly median surface refractivity and assume an effective earth's radius

$$KR = \frac{R}{1 - .0466 \exp(.005577N_S)}$$

which has been shown to accurately model the atmosphere under normal conditions in the continental USA [2].

The climactic conditions existing over the radio path are assumed similar to those at the nearest weather station, Tatoosh Island (48 24N,124 36W) which is located just off the tip of the Olympic Peninsula. Data from ref [3] and [4] show surface refractivity as follows:

Minimum.	Ns			290	(K=1.31)
Minimum	monthly	median	Ns	320	(K=1.38)
Maximum	monthly	median	Ns	340	(K=1.45)
Maximum	Ns			355	(K=1.51)

The minimum monthly median surface refractivity occurs in the January-March period and the maximum monthly median refractivity accurs in August.

Path profiles for minimum monthly median refractive conditions for each path are shown in Figures 2 and 3. These profiles show smooth earth diffraction on the Winchelsea - Lookout path and knife edge diffraction over the first hill on the Bangor - Lookout path. The diffraction loss will vary somewhat between the extremes of surface refractivity (290  $\leq$  N $_{\rm S}$   $\leq$  355). For the Winchelsea - Lookout path the variation of smooth earth diffraction loss has been calculated to be 8 db.

The received signal power may be calculated from

$$P_r = P_t - L_s$$

 $P_r$  = received signal power in dbm

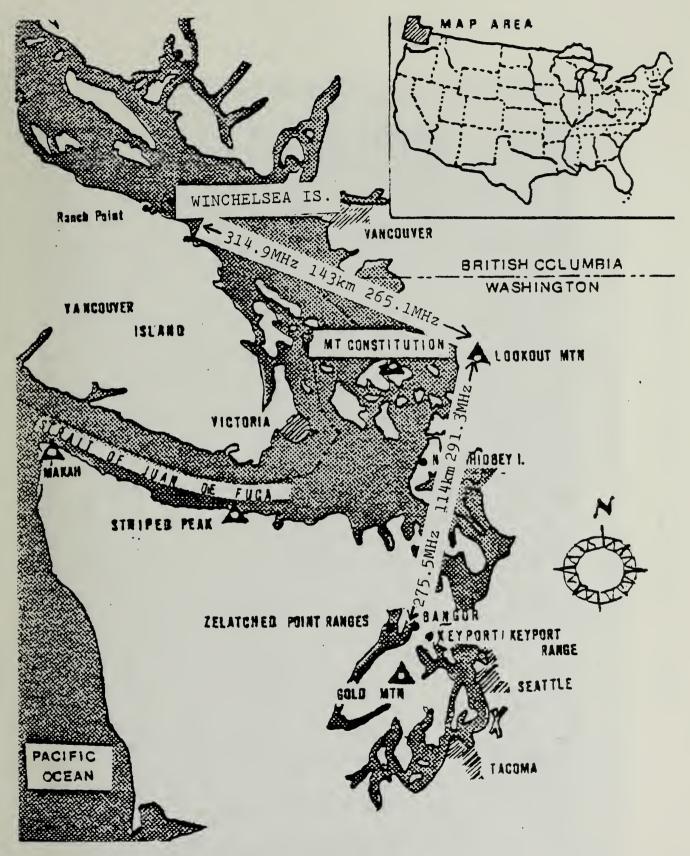


Figure 1. Bangor - Winchelsea Telephone System

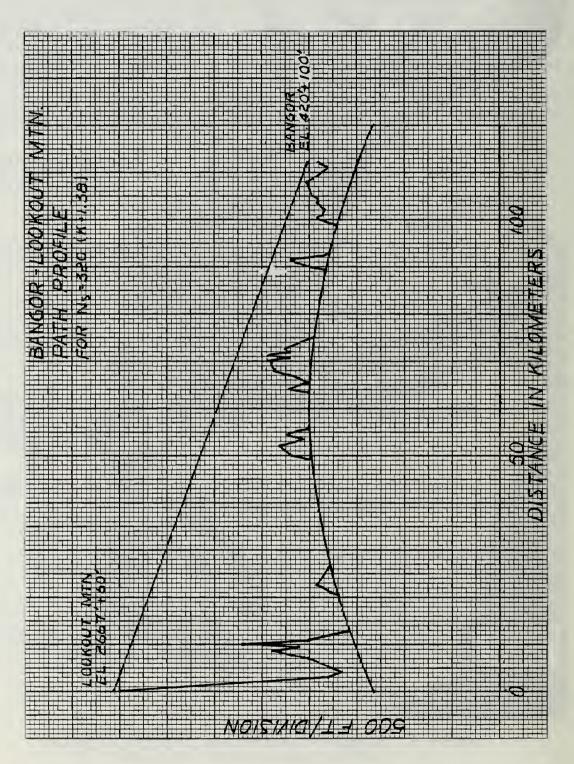


Figure 3. Winchelsea - Lookout Path Profile

 $P_{t}$  = transmit power in dbm

 $L_{S}$  = system loss in db

System loss is calculated as

$$L_s = L_{bf} + L_d - G_r - G_t$$

where

$$L_{bf} = 10 \log_{10}(\frac{4\pi d}{\lambda})^2$$

 $L_d$  = diffraction loss

Gt = transmit antenna gain Gr = receive antenna gain.

Table I lists the system parameters necessary to carry out the above calculations and Table II gives the results of the calculations for minimum monthly median refractive conditions ( $N_S$  = 320).

The calculations show that the received signal levels are -53.4 dbm from Bangor and -64.5 dbm from Winchelsea. Line losses have not been included. Signal levels measured on 9/28/78 were -54 dbm from Bangor and -60 dbm from Winchelsea indicating reasonable agreement with calculations. These calculations of minimum monthly median signal levels provide a point of reference

System Parameter	Bangor - Lookout	Winchelsea - Lookout
Transmit power Transmit Antenna Gain Receive Antenna Gain Frequency Distance Transmit Antenna El. Receive Antenna El.	100 W 12.5 db 9 db 291.3 MHz 114 km 520 ft 2727 ft	100W 12.5 db 9 db 265.1 MHz 143 km 248 ft 2727 ft

Table 1. Telephone System Parameters

Calculations	Bangor - Lookout	Winchelsea - Lookout
Lbf	122.9	124 db
Ld	2db (H/H <sub>1</sub> =.29)	12 db
Ls	103.4 db	114.5 db
Pr	-53.4 dbm	-64.5 dbm

Table 2. Summary of Calculations of System Loss

for the specification of hardware for further signal monitoring as described in the following section.

#### A. RF Hardware

This section addresses the adaptation of the basic Radio-wave Propagation System described previously [1] to the present measurement problem. The present situation requires monitoring of signals on two different frequencies using a mechanically tuned receiver. Additionally the signals differ in power by about 10 db. The problem is therefore one which requires sampling the two signals and presenting the data to the receiver on a single frequency., It is also required that the anticipated variations of power level for both signals fall within the instantaneous dynamic range of the receiver.

The RF hardware used to implement the monitoring of two RF channels is shown in Figure 4. The two signals  $(f_1 = 265.1)$ MHz,  $f_2$  = 291.3 MHz) are routed from their respective antennas to 3 db power splitters. The power splitters provide outputs to the communication system to permit its normal and undisturbed operation and to the acquisition system for signal monitoring. The outputs to the acquisition system are then routed to a power combiner, the output of which drives a low noise (F = 2.5 db) RF amplifier. The output of the low noise amplifier is split into two channels. In one channel a 265.1 MHz bandpass filter recovers the Winchelsea - Lookout signal and provides limited rejection of the Bangor - Lookout signal and any other out-of-band interference. In the other channel a 291.3 MHz bandpass filter passes the Bangor - Lookout signal while providing about 30 db rejection of the Winchelsea -Lookout signal. The Bangor - Lookout signal is mixed with a 556.4 MHz local oscillator signal and the intermediate difference frequency at 265.1 MHz is recovered by bandpass filtering. The LO provides about 30 db rejection of the Winchelsea -Lookout signal and in combination with the bandpass filter preceeding it gives about 60 db of channel separation. Thus the outputs from the two filters, both at 265.1 MHz, are the signals from Winchelsea and Bangor and these are provided as inputs to the SPDT PIN diode switch.

The primary inputs to the 265.1 MHz filters are the desired signals at 265.1 MHz. In each case, however, the signal from the opposite channel is also present with a frequency offset of 26.2 MHz. The filters provide only limited rejection of these undesired signals. The necessary rejection is provided by the receiver which is operated with the IF passband set to 500 kHz. The filters in both channels serve the purpose of suppressing the LO frequency and undesired mixer products.

The PIN switch is a critical component since it must change states rapidly and must also provide enough isolation so that the desired dynamic range may be realized. The switch chosen for this system was a General Microwave ultra wideband

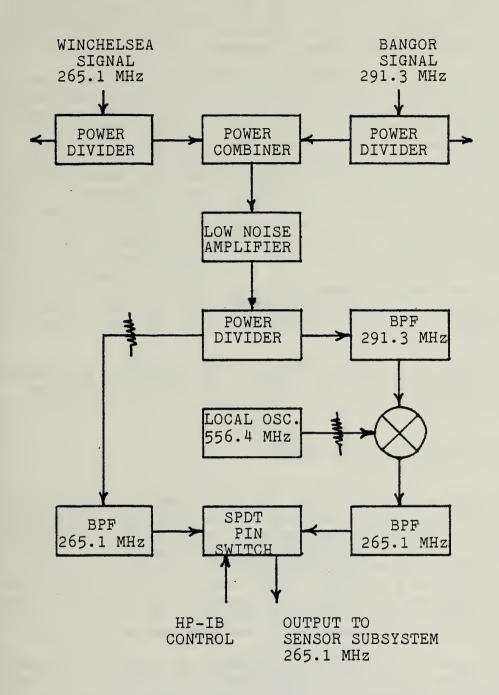


Figure 4. RF Hardware Block Diagram for Two Channel Switching Subsystem.

(.2-18 GHz) switch with integral driver. The isolation at 265.1 MHz is in excess of 60 db and the switching time is less than 500 ns. The switch logic control signal is received from the HP 9825 controller via the HP-IB (IEEE 488) bus using an interface designed for that purpose. The two switch states are set by executing the trigger commands, trg 726 or trg 727.

The output of the PIN switch is fed to the receiver in the Sensor Subsystem. Either of the two signals, Winchelsea or Bangor may be selected by the switch. The receiver must be adjusted to provide an instantaneous dynamic range which will accomodate the expected variations in signal amplitude. dynamic range requirements are minimized if both signals are input to the receiver with approximately the same median level. This may be accomplished by independent adjustment of the gain in each channel. For the hardware configuration shown in Figure 4 the gain difference between the two channels is due to the conversion loss of the mixer (approximately 6 db) and the difference in the insertion loss of the filters in the two channels. The stronger of the two signals (Bangor) is routed through the channel containing the mixer and the additional attenuation in the opposite channel is selected to make the median signal levels approximately equal at the output of the PIN switch.

The output from the PIN switch is routed to the receiver. From this point each of the two signals is processed as described in [1].

#### B. Data Transmission Hardware

The transmission of data from the remote (Lookout Mountain) controller to a local computer at NPS Monterey is accomplished as shown in Figure 5. The primary task which is performed is the transmission of data stored in the tape files of the Lookout Mountain controller to another HP 9825 computer via the dial-up telephone network. The data is stored in the same tape files of the second HP 9825. A copy of the tape files in the Lookout Mountain controller is therefore obtained. A brief description of the operation of this subsystem follows.

The transfer of data is initiated by manually dialing the number of the telephone at the remote location. The remote modem answers automatically and places an audio carrier on the line. The local phone is then placed in the data mode which connects the local modem to the line. The local computer program is then run. The program prompts the operator for the necessary input data. Contact is then established with the remote controller and data is passed.

# DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING SUBSYSTEM

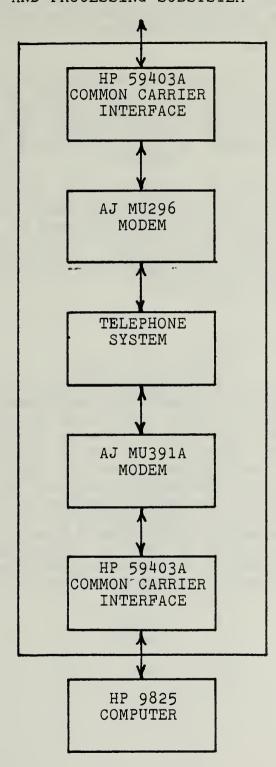


Figure 5. Digital Hardware Block Diagram for Data Transmission Subsystem.

The transmission speed for the data is relatively slow compared to the speed with which the remote controller can operate. The remote controller is therefore able to continue acquiring new data during the time it is not transmitting previously stored data.

In addition to the primary function of transmitting stored data, the system also provides the option of real-time readout of the signal levels at the output from each antenna. This permits the signal levels to be checked at any time without waiting for the storage of data which only occurs once each day at 2400 hours.

The transmission of data occurs in part over the Bangor-Lookout section of the system being monitored. It is therefore required that this section of the system be operating with an adequate signal level in order for data to be transmitted. However, even if the signal level is inadequate for data transmission, the signal levels will still be monitored and the data may be transmitted time-late.

#### C. System Block Diagram

Figure 6 shows a simplified block diagram of the complete system as configured for the NUWES measurements. The Switching Subsystem (Figure 4) allows continuous sequential sampling of the two RF signals received on Lookout Mountain. The output goes to the Sensor Subsystem [1] which provides a detected output that follows variations in carrier signal amplitude. This output is sampled by the Data Acquisition and Processing Subsystem. The computer in this subsystem provides the necessary control, calculates the desired statistical measures, stores the data and transmits it on command from another computer. The actual transmission of data is accomplished through the Remote and Local Data Transmission Subsystems which link the two computers together via the telephone lines.

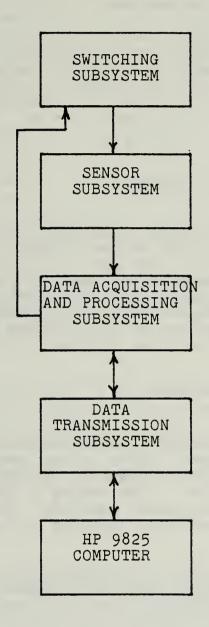


Figure 6. Complete System Block Diagram

#### IV System Software

The software developed for use with the system described in this report consists of three separate programs.

#### A. Acquisition System Program

This program resides in the controller/processor at the remote monitoring location. It is an expanded version of the program described in [1] as necessary to accommodate two RF signals. In addition it contains the subroutines necessary for the transmission of stored data or real time readout of signal levels.

#### B. Data Transmission Program

This program is loaded from tape into a local HP 9825 desk-top computer when data is to be transmitted from the remote computer. The program contains all the prompts necessary for the operator to accomplish the task. At the conclusion of this program the desired data files will have been transferred from the remote computer tape to the local computer tape. In the case of real-time readout of signal levels, the dbm levels appear in the local computer display.

#### C. Data Printing Program

This program provides a paper tape printout of the data for each of the two channels after it has been transferred to the tape files of the local computer. The data is coded to permit more rapid transmission. The coding is done before the data is stored on tape at the remote computer. The data printing program provides the necessary decoding in the local computer prior to printing.

A detailed discussion of system software may be found in ref. [5] and this is not repeated here. Program listings appear in the Appendices.

#### Conclusions and Recommendations

#### A. Conclusions

The Dual Channel Radiowave Propagation Data Acquisition and Transmission System described here is capable of continuous monitoring of the strength of two radio signals. The system is designed to collect data without disturbing the communication system being monitored. The system is configured from commercially available hardware except for a PIN switch interface which was custom designed.

The Data System samples each signal at a rate of approximately 3.33 samples/second and computes signal power for each sample. Average and median signal power is calculated for each hour of the day and fades of depth 10 db to 30 db relative to the median for the previous hour are counted. A daily distribution of signal power is generated and all processed data are stored on tape at the conclusion of each day. Tape files hold data for four months after which old data is overwritten.

The Acquisition and Processing Subsystem controller may be interrupted. On interrupt, the controller will transmit the data stored in tape files or the present signal power levels as requested by a second computer. This operation is carried out over the telephone lines.

The system will run unattended and has the capability to bootstrap itself in the event of a power failure. The digital clock has backup battery power. After a power failure a ten minute warmup period is provided to allow all equipment to stabilize before signal monitoring is resumed.

In prolonged periods of laboratory testing the system has operated reliably.

#### B. Recommendations

In any future implementation of a similar system, Hewlett-Packard's new replacement for the HP 59403A CCI should be considered for use. This newer unit should be more transparent, require less programming for its operation and should thus be easier to incorporate into the system.

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#### Appendix I. Acquisition System Program

25: intlh) +H Or and "storrup 26: A[H]+1+A[H] is fol Bidsa 27: if fla0;A>E> "W:",A,"dbm Bieto 34 8:", M, "dbm" 2: oni 7:"call" 28: if AkE-10 and E-10(B;0[5: 3: eir 7:0 4: on err "reset 01+1+0[5:0] 29: if AKE-15 and E-15(8;0[6; 5: if flaliwrt 0]+1+0[6,0] 721.1, A, N; wait 30: if AKE-20 200 and E-20(B;C[7: 6: red 708,A\$ 0]+1+0[7,0]7: if num(A\$[2]) 31: if AKE-25 #32;sto 6 and E-25(8;0(8, 8: tra 727 01 + 1 + 0.08 + 019: tra 722; red 32: if AKE-30 722, A and E-30(B;C[9, 10: trs 726 0]+1+0[9,0] 11: trs 722; red 33: A+8 722, N 34: if N=0;0[2, 12: val(A\$[7: D]+1+Q[2,D]; 81) +0 sto 1 13: if fle9 and 35: 101o9(abs(N) val(B\$[3,6])=0;  $\rightarrow M$ 9to 18 . 36: .9\*N-40.5+ 14: val(8\$[7, .00000436(N+ 83)+F 34) ↑5 → N 15: if D#F; asb 37: if N<-90 or "new hour" N>-45:0[2:0]+ 16: if val(A\$[5, 1÷0[2,D];ato i 61)#val(8\$[5: 38: Q[3,D]+10†(N 6]);asb "new /101÷0[3,D] day" 39: Q[1,D]+1+Q[i 17: eir 7 · D1 18: A\$+B\$ 40: int(N)+V 19: if A=0;C[2; 41: N[V]+1+N[V] 0]+1+0[2,0]; 42: if fl=0;N+S+ eto 34 P; val (A \$ [9, 10]) 20: 10los(abs(A) ÷0(10,0)÷0(10, ) → A Dlicfe Dieto 1 21: .95\*A-47.5+ 43: if NKS-10 .00000332(A+ and 8-10(P;0(5: 33.5)↑5→A 0]+1+0[5,0] 22: if Ak-90 or 44: if M<8-15 A>-45;0(2:01+ and 8-15(D;0[6; 1+0[2,0]; sto 34 D]+1+Q[6,D] 23: 0[3:0]+10f(A 45: if NKS-20 710) +C[3,0] and 8-20KP;Q[7. 24: 0(1/0)+1-0(1 0]+1+0[7+0]

\* D ]

46: ir NKS-25	75: ret
and S-25KP;0[8:	<u>7</u> 6: "new day":
D]+1→0[8,D]	77: for l=1 to
47: if M(S-30	32
ond S-30(P;0[9,	78: char(159)÷P≨
D]+1→Q[9,D]	[I:I]
48: N→P	79: next I
49: sto 1	80: " new day
50: "new hour":	"→P\$[12,20]
51: for I=1 to	81: dsp P≢
32	82: ""→F\$
52: char(159)→P\$	83: 8\$[3,4]→F\$[]
[I,I]	en(F\$)+1,len(F\$)
53: next I	)+21
54: " new hour	84: B\$[5,6]+F\$[]
"→P\$[12,21]	en(F\$)+1,len(F\$
55: dsp P\$	)+2]
56: if fla0; ato	85: char(127)→F\$
74	[len(F\$)+1*len(
57: if CE1,FI>0	F\$)+1]
and C[3,F]>0;	86: sf = 2
10log(C[3,F]/	87: "WWW"⇒F\$[le
C[1,F])+C[3,F]	n(F\$)+1,len(F\$)
58: if Q[1,F]>0	+4];9to 89
and Q[3,F]>0;	88: cf9 2;"8888"
10lo∍(Q[3,F]/	÷F\$[len(F\$)+1;
Q[1,F])÷Q[3,F] /	len(F\$)+4]
59: C[1,F]/2→C 60: Q[1,F]/2→Q 61: 0→J→K	89: char(127)+F\$ [len(F\$)+1,len( F\$)+1]
62: for I=-45	90: for J=0 to
to -90 by -1	23
63: A[I]+E[I]+E[ I] 64: N[I]+S[I]+S[	91: fop ∏≓1 to _10
II	J]→R;0→C[I,J];
65: if fla3;ato	eto 94
68	93: Q[[,J]⇒R;
66: A[I]+J+J	0÷Q[[,J]
67: if J>C;I+C[4	94: if [=3;abs(R
,F]→E;sfq 3 /	*100)÷R
68: if flq4;qtq	95: if I=4;abs(R
71	)≯R
69: NEII+K+K	96: ∋sb "charact
70: if K>Q;I+QE4	er"
,F]⇒Sisfa 4′	97: next I
71: 0÷A[]]÷N[]]	98: next J
72: next I	99: for K=-90
73: cf= 3,4	to -45
74: trk 1;rcf 0,	100: if fl92;
A\$,C[*],E[*],	Ē[K]÷R;0→Ē[K];
Q[*],S[*]	ato 102

- (01: SLK1)6:0+5(	1284 rev
K1	127: "conversion
102: esb "chorac	127: "conversion
ter"	128: if char(M)=
103: next K	char(10);char(1
104: if fla2;	25)+F\$[len(F\$)+
910 88	1,len(F\$)+1];
105: "EEEE"→F\$[]	9to 131
en(F\$)+1,lan(F\$	129: if char(M)=
)+4]	char(13);char(1
196: if val(B\$[3	26) →F‡[len(F\$)+
,4])mod4=0;trk	1,len(F#)+i];
1;31+val(B\$[5,	9to 131
61) +W; 9to 110	130: char(M)→F‡[
107: if val(8\$[3	len(F≢)+1,len(F
,4])mod2=0;trk	\$)+ <u>1</u> ]
0;31+val(B\$[5;	131: ret
61)÷W; ato 110	132: "call":
108: if (val(B\$[	133: for I=1 to
3,41)+1)mod4=0;	32
trk 1; val(B\$[5]	134: char(159)→P
6])÷Wisto 110	\$[I,I]
109: trk 0; val(B	135: next I
\$ (5,6]) → W	136: " call "→P\$
110: rcf W <sub>2</sub> F\$	[14,19]
111: ret	137: dsp P\$
112: "character"	138: time 1000;
•	on err "disconn
113: if R<1 or	*ect "
R>1953124; ato	139: wait 1000
125	140: wtb 718,"L"
114: if R>=15625	141: wait 1000
isto 117	142: rds(717)÷G
115: if R>=125;	143: wait 1000
	144: red 721,Z\$
sto 120	
116: sto 123	145: wait 1000
117: int(R/15625	146: if Z\$[1;
) <b>→</b> M	11="1";sfa 1;
118: 9sb "conver	9to 169
sion"	147: if Z\$[1,
119: R-M*15625→R	1]="0";ato 149
120: int(R/125)+	148: eto "discon
M M	nect"
121: asb "conver	149: if Z\$[2,
sion"	2]#"0" and Z\$[2
122: R-M*125÷R	,2]#"1";ato
123: int(R)+M	"disconnect"
124: #sb "conver	150: if val(Z‡[3
sion"	,4])(i or val(Z
135: char(t27)+F	\$[3,4]))62;9to
\$[len(F\$)+1,	"disconnect"
[len(F≨)+1]	151: trk valtZ\$[ 2,2])

152: \*\*F# 153: 1d: val(Z\$[ 3:4]]:F\$ 154: par 2 155: wrt 721, F#[1:len(F#)] 156: par 0 157: ato "discon nect" 158: "disconnect 159: for I=1 to 32 160: char(159)→P \$[I,I] 161: next I 162: " disconnec t "+P\$[11,22] 163: dsp. P\$ 164: wait 1900 165: wtb 718, "C" 166: wait 1999 167: cli 7 168: cf9 1 169: iret 170: "startup": 171: cli 7 172: for I=600  $to \cdot f''$  by -1173: fxd 0;dsp " Startup in" . I . "seconds. 174: wait 1000 175: next I 176: dim P\$[32] 177: for I=1 to 32 178: char(159)+P \$[I,I] 179: next I 180: "startup "+P\$[12,20] 181: dsp P\$ 182: dim B \$ [12] , A[-90:-45],N[-90:-45] 183: dim A\$[12], C[10,0:23],E[-90:-451:0[10: 0:23],8[-90:-45]

184: dim 2\$[4], F\$[2000] 185: trk 1:1df 10, A\$, C[\*], E[\*], Q[\*],S[\*] 186: A\$>B\$ 187: sfa 0 188: sto "reset" 189: "reset": ... 190: cli 7 191: for I=1 to 32. 7 , 192: char(159)→P \$\$[I,I] . 193: next I 194: " reset ">P\$[13,19] . 195: dsp P\$ 196: wait 1000 197: wtb 718, "C" 198: wait 1000 199: cli 7 200: if fla0=0; cfa - 201: fmt 1,2f8.2 202: rem 7 203: 110 7 204: wrt 722, . "Т2" 205: sto 6 \*3684 \*\*\*

## Appendix II. Data Transmission Program

0: a): A:[40]:	32: 1f A‡[40,
8	40]="v";"1"+Z#[
F\$[2000], J\$[12]	1,11; sto 115
,P\$[16],Z\$[4]	33: 1f A\$[40;
1: fnt 1,2f8.2	40]="n";"0"÷Z\$[
2: for I=1 to	1:1];9to 36
40;"-"÷A\$[I;I];	34: " Answer y
	Otto DHOWEL /
next I	or n "⇒P⊈;asb
3: fxd 0	"input"
O I AU G	
4: 9sb "*"	35: if fla0;cfa
5: 9sb "*"	0;9to 29
6: prt "Lookout	36: spc 1
Mountain"	37: enp "+Todays
7: prt "##Data	date:",A\$[8,
Request##"	13]
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8: 9sb "*"	38: jmp fla13#1
9: asp "*"	39: spc 1
10: spc 2	40: prt "*System
11: 9sb "*"	startup"
12: prt "##Instr	41: prt "date
uctions**"	was:"
13: 9sb "#"	42: prt B\$[1,6]
14: spc 1	43: spc 1
15: prt "*Press	44: enp "→Want
CONTINUE"	to revise start
CONTINUE	
	up date?",A\$[7,
16: prt "after	up date?",A\$[7,
16: prt "after requested"	up date?",A\$[7, -7]
16: prt "after	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered."	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]="
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]="
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";et <b>o 5</b> 0
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";et <b>o</b> 50 47: if&A\$[7,7]="
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";et <b>o 5</b> 0 47: if{A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1,6];9to 53
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy."	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy."	up date?",A\$[7, 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1	up date?",A\$[7,7] 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7.7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer	up date?",A\$[7,7]  45: jmp fl=13#1  46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50  47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53  48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input"
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer	up date?",A\$[7,7]  45: jmp fl=13#1  46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50  47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53  48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input"
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf=
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y	up date?",A\$[7,7]  45: jmp fla13#1  46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50  47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53  48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input"  49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y	up date?",A\$[7,7]  45: jmp fla13#1  46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50  47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53  48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input"  49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n."	up date?",A\$[7,7]  45: jmp fl=13#1  46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50  47: if A\$[7.7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];9to 53  48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;9sb "input"  49: if fl=0;cf= 0;9to 43  50: spc 1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$	up date?",A\$[7,7]  45: jmp fl=13#1  46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50  47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53  48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input"  49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43  50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$	up date?",A\$[7,7] 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;9sb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;9to 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1,
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";et <b>o</b> 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1,6]
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";et <b>o</b> 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1,6]
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fla13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input" 49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fla13#1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: 1df 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fl=13#1 53: if val(A\$[8]
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: 1df 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fla13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input" 49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fla13#1
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: qsb "*"	up date?",A\$[7,7] 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1,6] 52: jmp fl=13#1 53: if val(A\$[8,9])/4;eto 59
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: qsb "*" 29: spc 1	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;9to 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fl=13#1 53: if val(A\$[8, 9];)4;eto 59 54: str(8+val(A\$
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as modd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: qsb "*" 29: spc 1	up date?",A\$[7,7] 7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];eto 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1,6] 52: jmp fl=13#1 53: if val(A\$[8,9])/4;eto 59
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: 1df 63:8\$ 25: spc 2 26: 9sb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: 9sb "*" 29: spc 1 30: enp "*Want	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fla13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input" 49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fla13#1 53: if val(A\$[8, 9]/)4;ato 59 54: str(8+val(A\$[8, 9]/)+D\$
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: 1df 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: qsb "*" 29: spc 1 30: enp "+Want req1-time?";	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fla13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input" 49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fla13#1 53: if val(A\$[8, 9]),4;ato 59 54: str(8+val(A\$ [8,9]))+D\$ 55: D\$[2,3]+A\$[2
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: 1df 63:8\$ 25: spc 2 26: 9sb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: 9sb "*" 29: spc 1 30: enp "*Want	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fla13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input" 49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fla13#1 53: if val(A\$[8, 9]),4;ato 59 54: str(8+val(A\$ [8,9]))+D\$ 55: D\$[2,3]+A\$[2
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: ldf 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: psb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: psb "#" 29: spc 1 30: enp "#Want real-time?": A\$[40,40]	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fl=13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";eto 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];9to 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;esb "input" 49: if fl=0;cf= 0;eto 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fl=13#1 53: if val(A\$[8, 9]/24;eto 59 54: str(8+val(A\$ [8,9]))+D\$ 55: O\$[2,3]+A\$[2 _6,27]
16: prt "after requested" 17: prt "data is entered." 18: spc 1 19: prt "*Enter dates" 20: prt "as mmdd yy." 21: spc 1 22: prt "*Answer question" 23: prt "with y or n." 24: 1df 63,8\$ 25: spc 2 26: qsb "*" 27: prt "*Operat or Input*" 28: qsb "*" 29: spc 1 30: enp "+Want req1-time?";	up date?",A\$[7,7] 45: jmp fla13#1 46: if A\$[7,7]=" y";ato 50 47: if A\$[7,7]=" n";B\$[1,6]+A\$[1 ,6];ato 53 48: " Answer y or n "+P\$;asb "input" 49: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 43 50: spc 1 51: enp "+Startu p date:",A\$[1, 6] 52: jmp fla13#1 53: if val(A\$[8, 9]),4;ato 59 54: str(8+val(A\$ [8,9]))+D\$ 55: D\$[2,3]+A\$[2

57: O\$[2,3]∀A\$[3 0,31]
58: ∋co 62 59: str(vol(A≸E8
,9])-4)+D\$ 60: D\$[2,3]+A\$[2
6,27] 61: A\$[12,13]⇒A\$ [30,31]
62: A\$[10,11]→A\$ [28,29]
63: if val(A#[10 ,11])=1; eto 69
64: str(val(A\$[i 0,ii])-i)+D\$
65: D\$[2,3]→A\$[3 5,36]
66: A\$[8,9]→A\$[3 3,34]
67: A\$[12,13]+A\$
68: ato 77 69: "31"→A\$[35,
36] 70: if val(A\$[8)
9])=1;sto 74 71: str(val(A\$[8 ,9])-1)+0\$
72: D\$[2,3]→A\$[3
3,34] 73: 9to 77 74: "12"→A\$[33,
34] 75: str(val(A\$[]
2,131)-1)+0\$ 76: D\$(2,3)+A\$(3
7,381 77: A\$[1,6] + J\$[1
,6] 78: A≉[26,31]÷J≉
[7,12]
79: ⊲sb "julian" 80: if fl⊲2;cf⊲ 2;A\$[1:6]→A\$[26
•31] 81: for I=27 to
31 by 2 82: if num(A*[],
[])=32;A\$[[-1, [-1]→A\$[[,[]; "0"→A\$[[-1,[-1]
"0"→A\$[[-1,[-1]

83: if num(A\$[[+ 7, [+7])=32; A#[[ +6, [+6] +A + [[+7, I+71; "0" +A\$EI+ 6, [+6] 84: next I 85: spc 1 86: prt "\*Files available" 87: prt A\$[26, 381 88: spc 1 89: enp "+First date: ", A\$[14; 191 90: jmp fl=13#1 91: A\$[14,19]+J\$ [7,12];A\$[26, 311 + J \$ [1,6] 92: 9sb "julian" 93; if fla2; cfa 2; " Date too early "+P\$; asb "input" 945-if flagicfa 0; sto 88 95: A\$[33,38]+J\$ [7,12]; A\$[14, 191+3\$[1,6] 96% əsb "julian" 97: if fla2;cfa 2;" Date too late" "\*P\$; esb "inpu**s**." 98: if fla0;cfa 0;ato 88 99: spc 1 100: enp "→Last date: " . A \$ [20 . 251 101: jmp fl913#1 102: A\$[20,25]→J \$[7,12];A\$[14, 19] +J\$[1,6] 103: əsb "julian 104≌ if fla2; ofa 2%" Date too early ">P\$; asb "input" 105: if fla0; ofa Ojato 99

100: M#133+361+3	198: asb "trons:
#[7,12];A#[2B;	ar"
25] + ] # [1 - 6]	136: next I
107: asb "julion	137: wait 1000
14	138: wtb 717,"C"
108: if fla2;	139: wait 1000
ofa 20" Date	140: cli 7
too late "÷P\$;	141: dsp "Comple
asb "input"	te."
109: if fla0;	142: end
ingfa Olato 99	143: "transfer": 144: if Imod4=0;
110: rcf 63,A\$	144: 1f lmod4=0;
111: val(8\$[14;	"1"+Z\$[2,2];
15])→P  112: val(A≇[16:	str(31+Q)→D\$; 9to 148
173) ÷ Q	900 140 145: if Imod2=0;
113:.Val(A\$[20,	"0"+Z\$[2,2];
211) ÷R	str(31+Q)→D\$;
114: Val(A\$[22)	9to 148
23])÷S	146: if (I+1)mod
115: dsp "Dial	4=0;"1"→Z\$[2;
sits. Continue	21;str(Q)→D\$;
When contact."	9to 148
116: stp	147: "0"→Z\$[2,
117: dsp "Workin	2]istr(Q)⇒D\$
ਰ."	148: D\$[2,3]→Z\$[
118: wtb 717,"L"	3,41
119: wait 1000	149: "Track ,
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.	149: "Track ; File :"⇒P\$[1;
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1";sto "rea	149: "Track ; File :"÷P\$[1; 16]
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1";sto "rea ltime"	149: "Track , File :"→P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]→P\$[
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2	149: "Track ; File :"→P\$[1; 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]→P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]→P\$
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*"	149: "Track ; File :"→P\$[1; 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]→P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]→P\$ [14,15];
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea 1time" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data	149: "Track ; File :"+P\$[1; 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: P#t P\$
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**"	149: "Track , File :"+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: pyt P\$ 152: ""+F\$
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**" 124: ssb "*"	149: "Track , File : "+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: Prt P\$ 152: ""+F\$ 153: Pot 728
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1	149: "Track , File : "+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: Prt P\$ 152: ""+F\$ 153: Pct 728 154: Wait 1800
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1";sto "rea 1time" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R;sto	149: "Track , File :"+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: prt P\$ 152: ""+F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: res 7,64
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1";sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R;sto 131	149: "Track , File : "+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: Prt P\$ 152: ""+F\$ 153: Pct 728 154: Wait 1000
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1"; sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto 131 127: for I=P to	149: "Track , File :"+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: pyt P\$ 152: ""+F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1. 1]="1";sto "rea ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R;sto 131	149: "Track , File :"+P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]+P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]+P\$ [14,15]; 151: prt P\$ 152: ""+F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000 157: jmp bit(5,
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto     131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transfer"	149: "Track , File :"→P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]→P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]→P\$ [14,15]; 151: pyt P\$ 152: ""→F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000 157: jmp bit(5, rds(7)) 158: wrt 731,Z\$ 159: wait 1000
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto     131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transf     er" 129: next I	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: Pyt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: Pct 728 154: Wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: Wait 3000 157: JMP bit(5, rds(7)) 158: Wrt 731,Z\$ 159: Wait 1000 160: JMP bit(4,
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto     131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transf     er" 129: next I 130: sto 137	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: prt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000 157: jmp bit(5, rds(7)) 158: wrt 731,Z\$ 159: wait 1000 160: jmp bit(4, rds(7))
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto     131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transf er" 129: next I 130: sto 137 131: for I=P to	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15] ; 151: Prt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: Pct 728 154: Wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: Wait 3000 157: Jmp bit(5, rds(7)) 158: Wrt 731,Z\$ 159: Wait 1000 160: Jmp bit(4, rds(7)) 161: red 731,F\$
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     1time" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto 131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transf er" 129: next I 130: sto 137 131: for I=P to 12	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: prt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000 157: jmp bit(5, rds(7)) 158: wrt 731,Z\$ 159: wait 1000 160: jmp bit(4, rds(7)) 161: red 731,F\$ 162: ras 7,0
119: wait 1000  120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     1time"  121: spc 2  122: ssb "*"  123: prt "*Data     Transfer**"  124: ssb "*"  125: spc 1  126: if P>R; sto     131  127: for I=P to     R  128: ssb "transf er"  129: next I 130: sto 137  131: for I=P to     12 132: ssb "transf	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: Pyt P\$ 152: "***F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000 157: jmp bit(5, rds(7)) 158: wrt 731,Z\$ 159: wait 1000 160: jmp bit(4, rds(7)) 161: red 731,F\$ 162: ras 7,0 163: trk val(Z\$[
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto     131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transf er" 129: next I 130: sto 137 131: for I=P to 12 132: ssb "transf er"	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: Prt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: Pct 728 154: Wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: Wait 3000 157: JMP bit(5, rds(7)) 158: Wrt 731,Z\$ 159: Wait 1000 160: JMP bit(4, rds(7)) 161: red 731,F\$ 162: ras 7,0 163: trk val(Z\$[ 2,2])
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto 131 127: for I=P to R 128: ssb "transf er" 129: next I 130: sto 137 131: for I=P to 12 132: ssb "transf er" 133: next I	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P*[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: prt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: pct 728 154: wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: wait 3000 157: jmp bit(5, rds(7)) 158: wrt 731,Z\$ 159: wait 1000 160: jmp bit(4, rds(7)) 161: red 731,F\$ 162: ras 7,0 163: trk val(Z\$[ 2,2]) 164: rcf val(Z\$[
119: wait 1000 120: if Z\$[1.     1]="1"; sto "rea     ltime" 121: spc 2 122: ssb "*" 123: prt "*Data     Transfer**" 124: ssb "*" 125: spc 1 126: if P>R; sto     131 127: for I=P to     R 128: ssb "transf er" 129: next I 130: sto 137 131: for I=P to 12 132: ssb "transf er"	149: "Track , File :"*P\$[1, 16] 150: Z\$[2,2]*P\$[ 7,7];Z\$[3,4]*P\$ [14,15]; 151: Prt P\$ 152: ""*F\$ 153: Pct 728 154: Wait 1000 155: ras 7,64 156: Wait 3000 157: JMP bit(5, rds(7)) 158: Wrt 731,Z\$ 159: Wait 1000 160: JMP bit(4, rds(7)) 161: red 731,F\$ 162: ras 7,0 163: trk val(Z\$[ 2,2])

156: SPC 1 167: if I=R and 0-8iato 174 168: if Q=28 and I=2 and on1(A\$[12:13])m nd4#0ieto 173 169: if Q=29 and [=2; sto 173 170: if Q=30 and (I=4 or I=6 or I=9 or I=111; ato 173 171: if Q=31; ato 173 172: Q+1+Q; sto 144 173: 1÷Q 174: ret 175: "realtime": 176: spc 1 177: prt "\*Press STOP to end real-time." 178: spc 2 179: pct 728 180: wait 1000 181: ras 7,64" 182: wait 3000 183: jmp bit (5, rds(7)184: wrt 731,Z\$ . 185: ras 7,0 186: jmp bit(4, rds(7)) 187: red 731.1, AsN 188: fxd 2;dsp "W:",A,"dbm B:"•N•"dbm" 189: wait 200 190: eto 186 191: "julian": 192: if val(J\$[5] ,6]))val(J\$[11, 12]);sfg 2;gto 197 193: if val(J\$[5 -,6])(val(J\$[11, 121); sto 197

194: if unlilati ,2]j>val(J\$[7, 8])isfa 2;ato 197 195: if val(J#[1 • 21) (unl (.i#17• 81); sto 197 196: if val(J\$[3 •4]))val(J\$[9• 10]);sfs 2 197: ret 198: "#": 199: prt "\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 200: ret 201: "input": 202: spc 2 203: prt "XXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX 204: prt " Inval id entry: " 205: prt P\$ 206: prt "XXXXXX XXXXXXXXX**"** 207: spc 1 -208: sf9 0 209: ret \*24031

# Appendix III. Data Printing Program

ni dim O\$[167;	291 F#[1:4]*P#[1
F#[2000],P#[[8]	3,161
li ent "Enter	30: prr F\$
dasired track." #A	31: pos(F\$,"8888 ")+5→K;asb "dec
21 omp fla13#1	oqe. Tinakviden dec
3: ent "Enter	32: next I
first file.".B	33: dsp "Finishe
4: jmp fl=13#1	d."
5: ent "Enter	34: end
last file.":C	35: "decode":
6: jmp fl=13#1 7: for I=8 to C	36: for L≃0 to - 23
8: trk A; ldf I,	37: spc 1
F\$ /	38: "-"+P\$[5,5]
9: spc 4	39: ":"→P\$[10,
10: "Track"→P\$[1	101
,51	40: L*100÷S
11: str(A) ÷P\$(6,	41: (L+1) *100+T
7]	42: if L=0; "0000
12: ", File"→P\$[ 8,13]	-0100"→P\$[1,9]; - ato 49
13: str(I) →P\$[14	43: str(S) →D\$
16]	44: if S<1800;
14: prt P\$	"0"→P\$[1,1];
15: "Data date:	O\$[2,4]⇒P\$[2,
"÷P#[1,12]	4] isto 46
16: F\$[1,4]→P\$[1	45: D\$[2,5]→P\$[1
3,16] 17: prt P\$	,4] 46: str(T)÷D\$
18: for J=11 to	47: if T(1000;
len(F\$)	"0"→ <b>F</b> "\$[6,6];
19: if F\$[J,J]=c	O\$[2,4]→P\$[7,
har(126);char(1	9];9to 49
3)→F\$[J,J]	48: D\$[2,5]→P\$[6
20: if F\$[J;J]=c	,9] 49: prt P\$[1,10]
hor(125);char(1 -8)+F\$[J,J]	50: for M=1 to
21: next J	10
22: spc 2	51: esb "numbers
23: "Winchelsea	u
**P\$[1,12]	52: if R=0;9to
24: F\$[1,4]→P\$[1	65
3:161	53: fxd 2 54: if M=3;R:-
25: prt P≨ 26: 10→K;∋sb	100+Riprt "que
	dbm",Rjeto 65
	5 <b>5:</b> fxd 8
27: spc 2 38: "Bunsor	
" *P\$[1:12]	

Est if h ller. "w wolld".Ri 9t3 65 57: ir M=2;art "# bad";Risto 65 58: if M=45-1\* RaRiprt "med dhm".Risto 65 59: if M=5; prt "#10 db fades"; Risto 65 60: if M=6;prt "#15 db fades", Risto 65 61: if M=7;prt "#20 db fades", Risto 65 62: if M=8;prt "#25 db fades", Risto 65 63: if M=9; prt "#30 db fades"; Risto 65 64: if M=10; prt "\*System Startu P \* " 65: next M 66: next L 67: spc 1 68: prt "SIG DISTRIBUTION" 69: prt "sia PWr #samp" 70: for N=-90 to -45 71: #sb "numbers 72: fxd 0 73: str(N) +P\$[1: 74: "dbm"+P\$[4; 8] 75: str(R) →P\$[9, 16] 76: prt P\$ 77: next N 78: ret 79: 'numbers": 80: if F#[K+1,K+ il#char(127); 9to 93

81: 698 82: K+t+K; ata 92 83: 1f F#[K+2,K+ 2]#char(127); 9to 86 84: num(F\$[K+1; K+1]) →R 85: K+2+K; 9to 92 86: if F#[K+3,K+ 3]#char(127); 9to 89 87: num(F#[K+1; K+11) \*125+num(F \$[K+2,K+2]) →R 88: K+3+K; 9to 92 89: if F\$[K+4,K+ 4]#char(127); eta 92 90: num(F\$[K+1, K+111\*15625+ num (F \$ [K+2,K+ 21) \*125+num (F \$ [ K+1,K+1])→R 91: K+4+K 92: ret \*31473

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